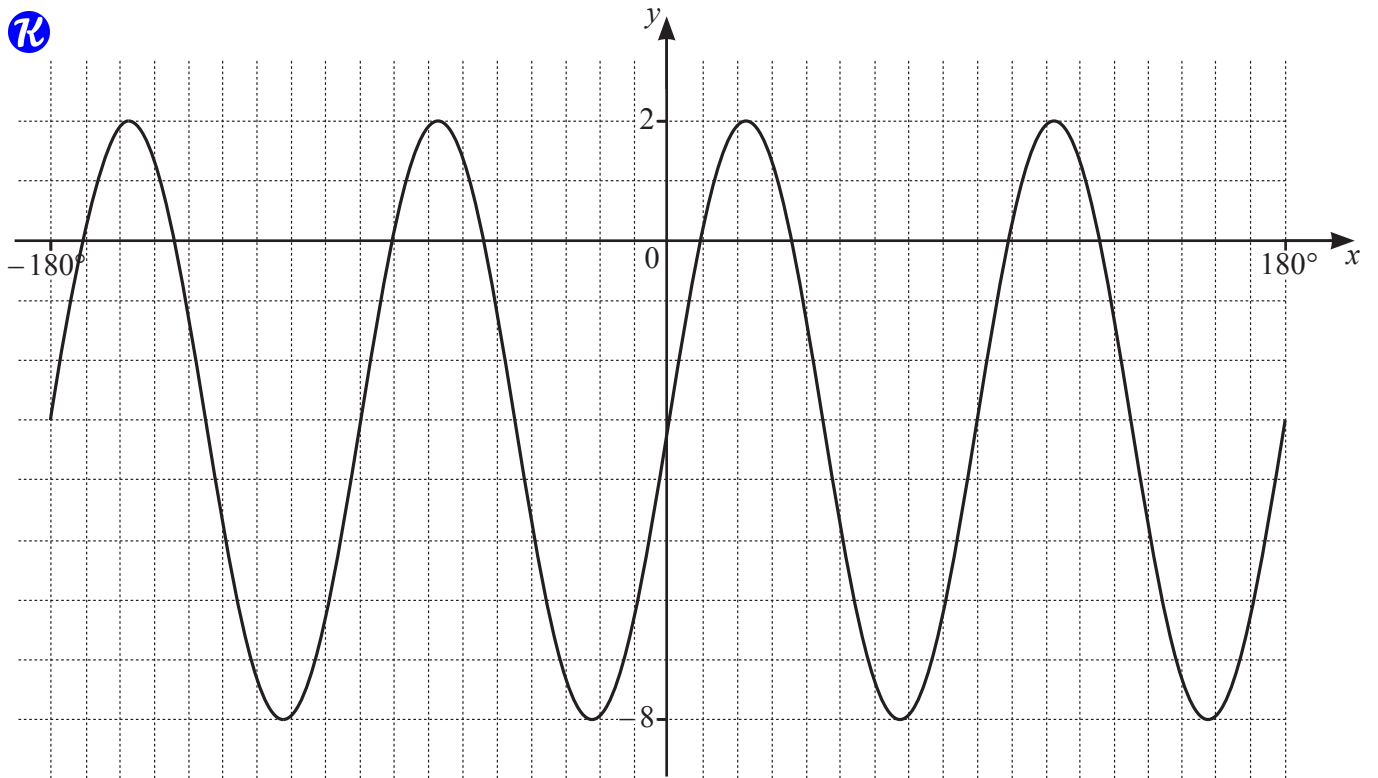




1  
7

The diagram shows the graph of  $y = a \sin bx + c$ , where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are integers, for  $-180^\circ \leq x \leq 180^\circ$ . Find the values of  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$ .

[3]

2 Given that  $x = \sec^2\theta$  and  $y+2 = \cot^2\theta$ , find  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

[4]



3 Variables  $x$  and  $y$  are such that, when  $\lg(2y+1)$  is plotted against  $x^2$ , a straight line graph passing through the points (1, 1) and (2, 5) is obtained.



(a) Find  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

[4]

(b) Find the value of  $y$  when  $x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ .

[1]

(c) Find the value of  $x$  when  $y = 2$ .

[2]

- 4 (a) Find the unit vector in the same direction as  $\begin{pmatrix} -15 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ . [2]



- (b) Given that  $\begin{pmatrix} 2a \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4b - 12 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 4 \begin{pmatrix} b - a \\ a + 2b \end{pmatrix}$ , find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ . [3]

- 5 The first three terms, in ascending powers of  $x$ , in the expansion of  $\left(1 + \frac{x}{6}\right)^{12} (2 - 3x)^3$  can be written in the form  $8 + px + qx^2$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are constants. Find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ . [8]

6 The polynomial  $p(x) = 6x^3 + ax^2 + 6x + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers, is divisible by  $2x - 1$ . When  $p(x)$  is divided by  $x - 2$ , the remainder is 120.



(a) Find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ . [4]

(b) Hence write down the remainder when  $p(x)$  is divided by  $x$ . [1]

(c) Find the value of  $p''(0)$ . [2]

7 (a) Show that  $\frac{2}{2x+3} - \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2}$  can be written as  $\frac{8-3x}{(x-1)^2(2x+3)}$ . [2]



(b) Find  $\int_2^a \frac{8-3x}{(x-1)^2(2x+3)} dx$  where  $a > 2$ . Give your answers in the form  $c + \ln d$ , where  $c$  and  $d$  are functions of  $a$ . [6]

- 8 (a) A team of 6 people is to be chosen from 10 people. Two of the people are sisters who must not be separated. Find the number of different teams that can be formed. [3]



- (b) A 6-character password is to be chosen from the following characters.

|         |     |     |     |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| Digits  | 2   | 4   | 8   |
| Letters | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ |
| Symbols | *   | #   | !   |

No character may be used more than once in any password. Find the number of different passwords that may be chosen if

- (i) there are no other restrictions, [1]

- (ii) the password starts with two letters and ends with two digits. [3]

- 9 The normal to the curve  $y = \frac{\ln(3x^2 + 2)}{x + 1}$ , at the point  $A$  on the curve where  $x = 0$ , meets the  $x$ -axis at point  $B$ . Point  $C$  has coordinates  $(0, 3 \ln 2)$ . Find the gradient of the line  $BC$  in terms of  $\ln 2$ . [9]

10 (a) Given the simultaneous equations



$$\lg x + 2 \lg y = 1,$$

$$x - 3y^2 = 13,$$

(i) show that  $x^2 - 13x - 30 = 0$ .

[4]

(ii) Solve these simultaneous equations, giving your answers in exact form.

[2]

(b) Solve the equation  $\log_a x + 3 \log_x a = 4$ , where  $a$  is a positive constant, giving  $x$  in terms of  $a$ . [5]

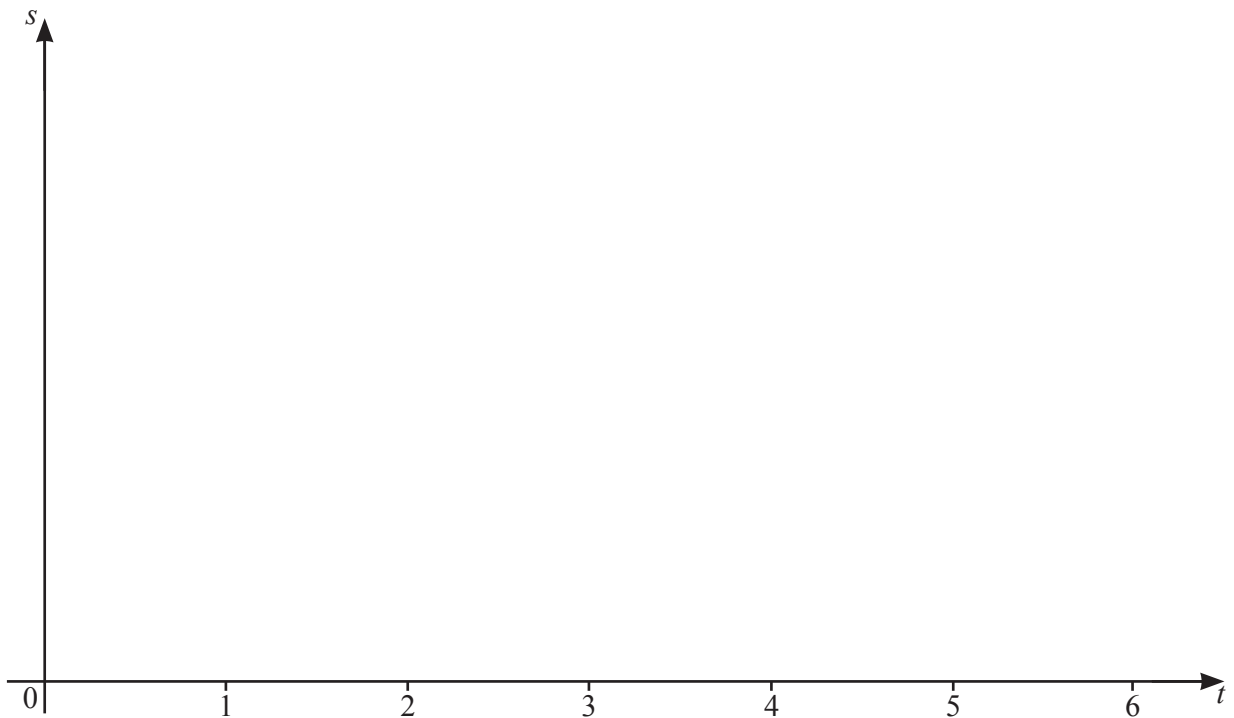
11 In this question all lengths are in kilometres and time is in hours.

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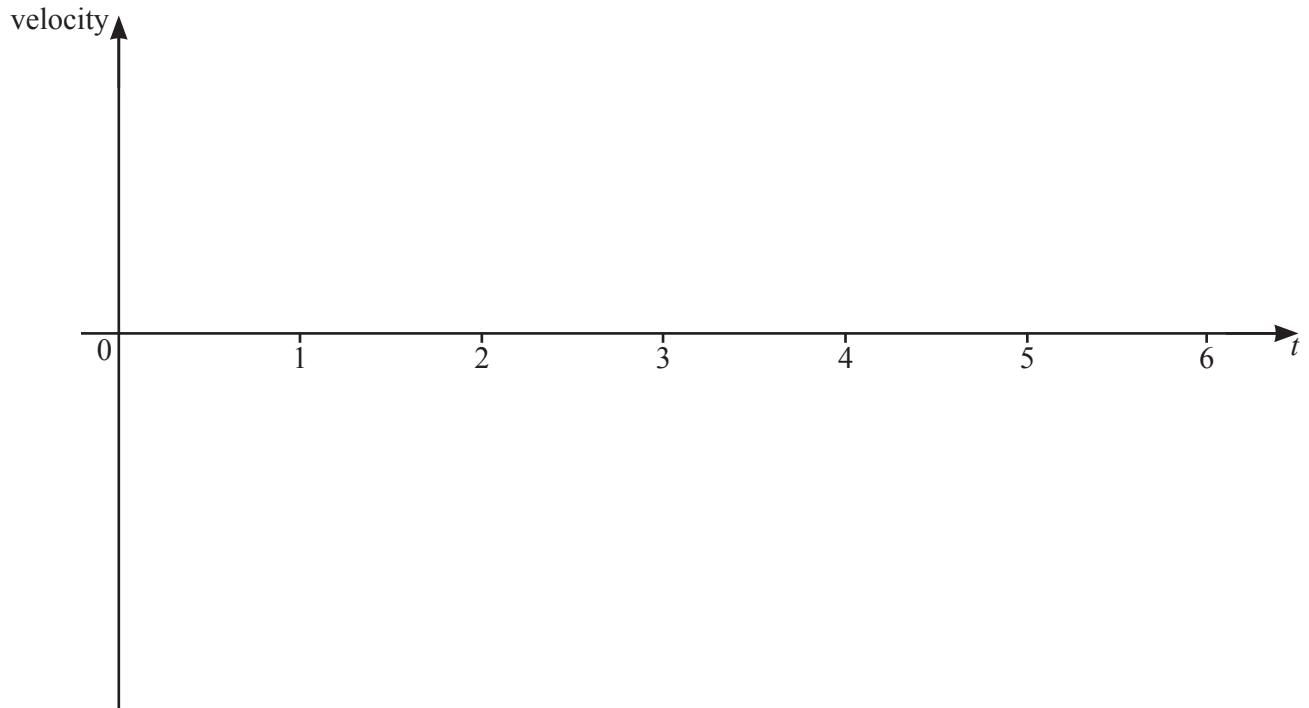
A particle  $P$  moves in a straight line such that its displacement,  $s$ , from a fixed point at time  $t$  is given by  $s = (t+2)(t-5)^2$ , for  $t \geq 0$ .

(a) Find the values of  $t$  for which the velocity of  $P$  is zero. [4]

(b) On the axes, draw the displacement–time graph for  $P$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ , stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]



- (c) On the axes below, draw the velocity–time graph for  $P$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ , stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]



- (d) (i) Write down an expression for the acceleration of  $P$  at time  $t$ . [1]

- (ii) Hence, on the axes below, draw the acceleration–time graph for  $P$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ , stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]

