



# Cambridge IGCSE™

CANDIDATE NAME



CENTRE NUMBER

--	--	--	--	--

CANDIDATE NUMBER

--	--	--	--



## ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS

0606/12

Paper 1 Non-calculator

May/June 2025

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **16** pages.





Calculators must **not** be used in this paper.

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

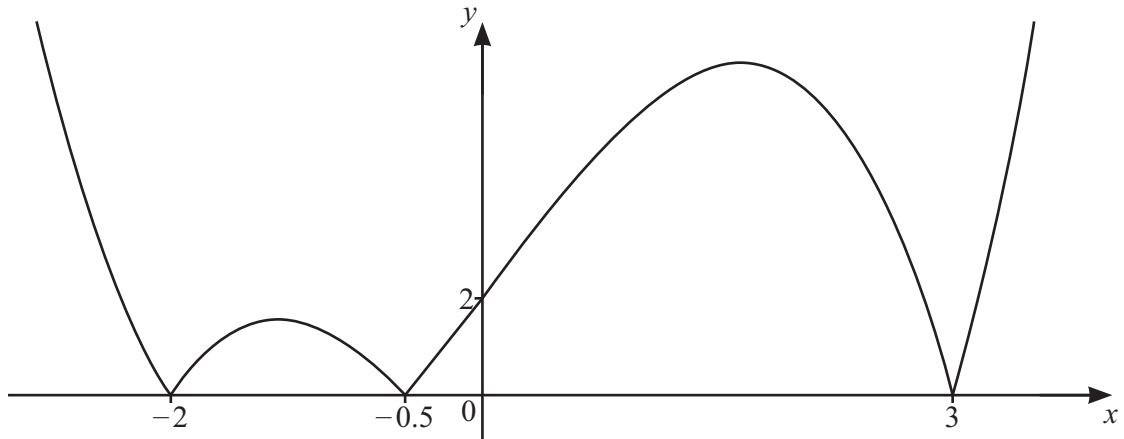
DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

1  
℞



The diagram shows the graph of  $y = |f(x)|$ , where  $f$  is a cubic polynomial.

Find expressions for the two possible functions  $f(x)$ .

Write each expression in fully factorised form.

[3]





2 Solve the equation  $x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1 = \frac{6}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$ .



[4]





3 A circle with centre  $C$  has the equation  $x^2 + y^2 - 10x - 4y + 24 = 0$ .



(a) Show that the line  $y = 2x - 3$  is a tangent to this circle. [3]

(b) Given that this tangent touches the circle at the point  $P$ , find the coordinates of  $P$ . [2]

(c) Find the equation of the circle which has its centre at  $P$  and passes through the origin. [3]



DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN



4 (a) Find  $\int_0^\pi \sin \theta \, d\theta$ .

[2]

(b) Given that  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ , show that  $\frac{\sec \alpha}{\cot \alpha + \tan \alpha}$  can be written as  $\sin \alpha$ .

[3]

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN





5 The polynomial  $p$  is such that  $p(x) = 3x^3 - 7x^2 + ax + b$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers.



It is given that  $p'(-1) = 21$  and that  $x - 2$  is a factor of  $p(x)$ .

(a) Find the values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

[4]

(b) Hence write  $p(x)$  as a product of linear factors with integer coefficients.

[3]

(c) Using your values of  $a$  and  $b$ , solve the equation  $3e^{6y} - 7e^{4y} + ae^{2y} + b = 0$ .

[3]





6 When  $\ln y$  is plotted against  $x^3$ , a straight line passing through the points  $(2, 5)$  and  $(-8, 25)$  is obtained.



(a) Find  $y$  in terms of  $x$ . [4]

(b) Find the value of  $x$  when  $y = e^{25}$ . [2]

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN





7 A geometric progression has a 4th term of  $\frac{8k^6}{27}$  and a 6th term of  $\frac{32k^{10}}{243}$ , where  $k$  is a constant.



The common ratio of this geometric progression is positive.

(a) Find the common ratio in terms of  $k$  and the value of the first term of this geometric progression. [4]

(b) Given that this geometric progression has a sum to infinity of 3, find the possible values of  $k$ . [3]





8 It is given that  $y = \frac{\ln(3x^2 + 16)}{x + 2}$ .



(a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  when  $x = 0$ .

Give your answer in the form  $\ln p$ , where  $p$  is a constant.

[5]

(b) Given that  $x$  increases from 0 to  $h$ , where  $h$  is small, write down the approximate change in  $y$ . [1]





DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

9 It is given that  $f(x) = 2 \ln(3x - 4)$ , for  $x > a$ , and that  $f^{-1}$  exists.



(a) Find the least possible value of  $a$ . [1]

(b) For your value of  $a$ , find the range of  $f$ . [1]

(c) For your value of  $a$ , find an expression for  $f^{-1}(x)$ . [2]

(d) It is given that the equation  $f(x) = f^{-1}(x)$  has two roots.

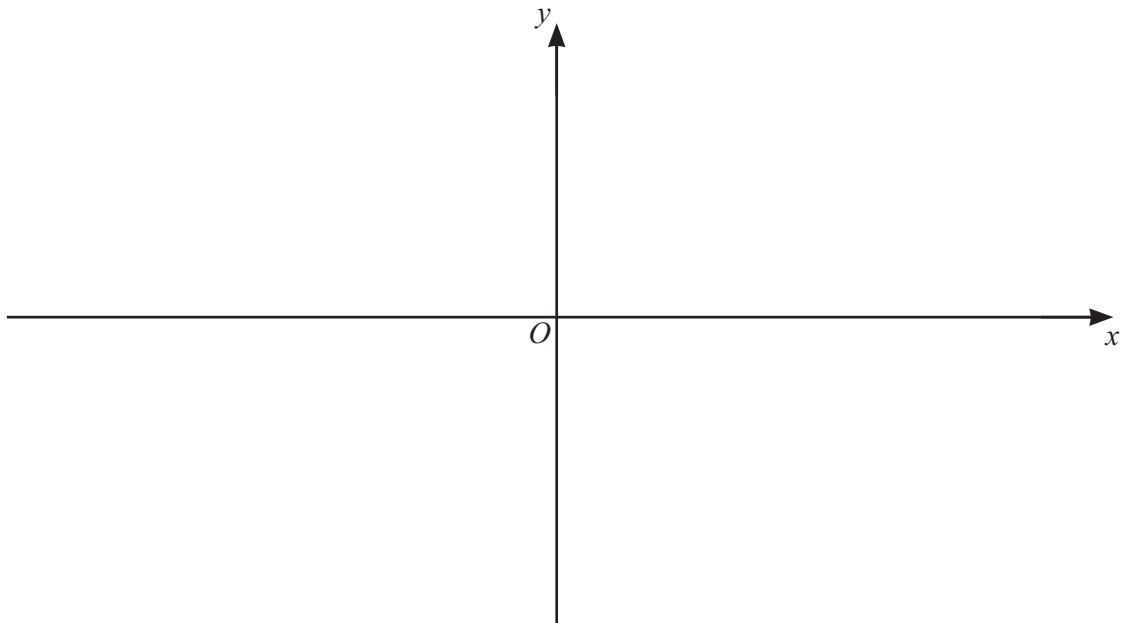
For your value of  $a$ , sketch the graphs of  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f^{-1}(x)$  on the axes.

Label each graph.

State the intercepts of each graph with the axes.

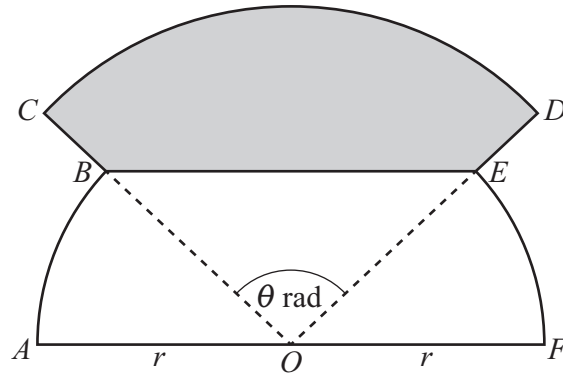
State the equations of any asymptotes.

[4]





10



The diagram shows the shape  $OABCDEF$ .

$AOF$  is a straight line.

$OAB$  and  $OEF$  are sectors of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r$ .

Angle  $BOA =$  angle  $EOF$ .

$OCD$  is a sector of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $\frac{4r}{3}$ .

Angle  $COD$  is  $\theta$  radians.

The point  $B$  lies on the line  $OC$  and the point  $E$  lies on the line  $OD$ .

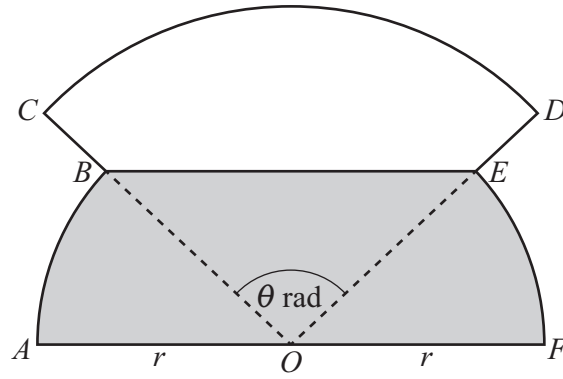
The line  $BE$  is parallel to the line  $AOF$ .

(a) Find, in terms of  $r$  and  $\theta$ , the area of the shaded region  $BCDE$ .

[3]



(b)



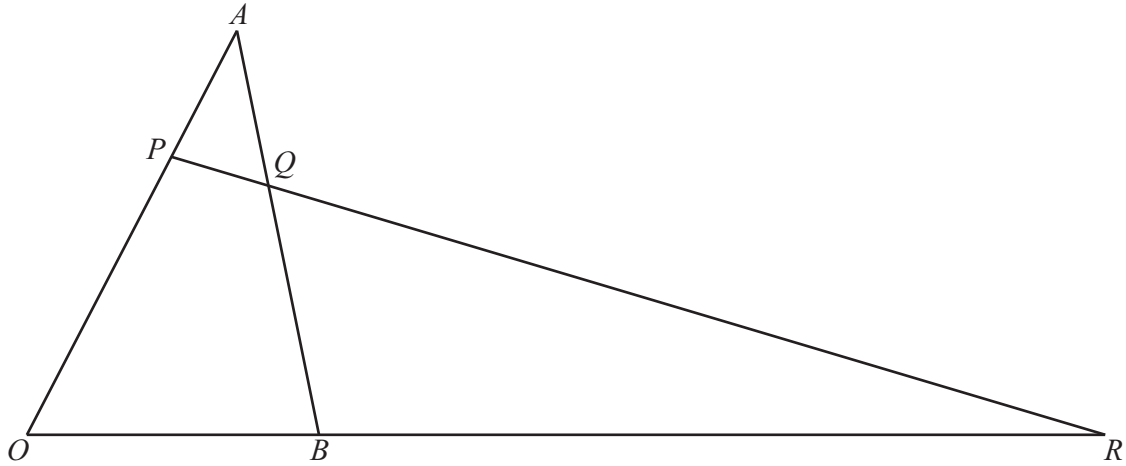
The diagram shows the shape from part (a) with region  $OABEF$  shaded. Find, in terms of  $r$  and  $\theta$ , the perimeter of the shaded region.

[5]





11



The diagram shows the triangle  $OAB$ , where  $\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$ .

The point  $P$  lies on  $OA$  such that  $\overrightarrow{OP} = \frac{3}{4}\overrightarrow{OA}$ .

The point  $Q$  lies on  $AB$  such that  $\overrightarrow{AQ} = \frac{1}{3}\overrightarrow{AB}$ .

The straight line through  $P$  and  $Q$  meets the straight line through  $O$  and  $B$  at the point  $R$ .  
It is given that  $\overrightarrow{OR} = \lambda\mathbf{b}$  and  $\overrightarrow{PR} = \mu\overrightarrow{PQ}$ , where  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  are constants.

(a) Find  $\overrightarrow{OR}$  in terms of  $\mathbf{a}$ ,  $\mathbf{b}$  and  $\mu$ .

[6]


(b) Hence find the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ .

[3]





12 A curve is such that its gradient at the point  $(x, y)$  is given by  $(5x - 2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$ .

 The curve passes through the point  $(2, \frac{32}{5})$ .

Find the coordinates of the stationary point on the curve.

[6]

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS MARGIN

