



Cambridge Lower Secondary Checkpoint

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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MATHEMATICS

1112/02

Paper 2

April 2022

1 hour

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments
 Tracing paper (optional)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You should show all your working in the booklet.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

- 1 Here is a list of numbers.

\mathcal{K}

5

7

10

12

16

20

Write down the number that is a factor of 56

.....7..... [1]

- 2 Rajiv is thinking of three **consecutive even** numbers less than 20

\mathcal{K}

The product of these three numbers is between 1000 and 2000

Find the three numbers Rajiv is thinking of.

.....10.....,12..... and14..... [1]

- 3 (a) Work out 45% of \$285

\mathcal{K}

$$285 \times 45\%$$

\$128.25..... [1]

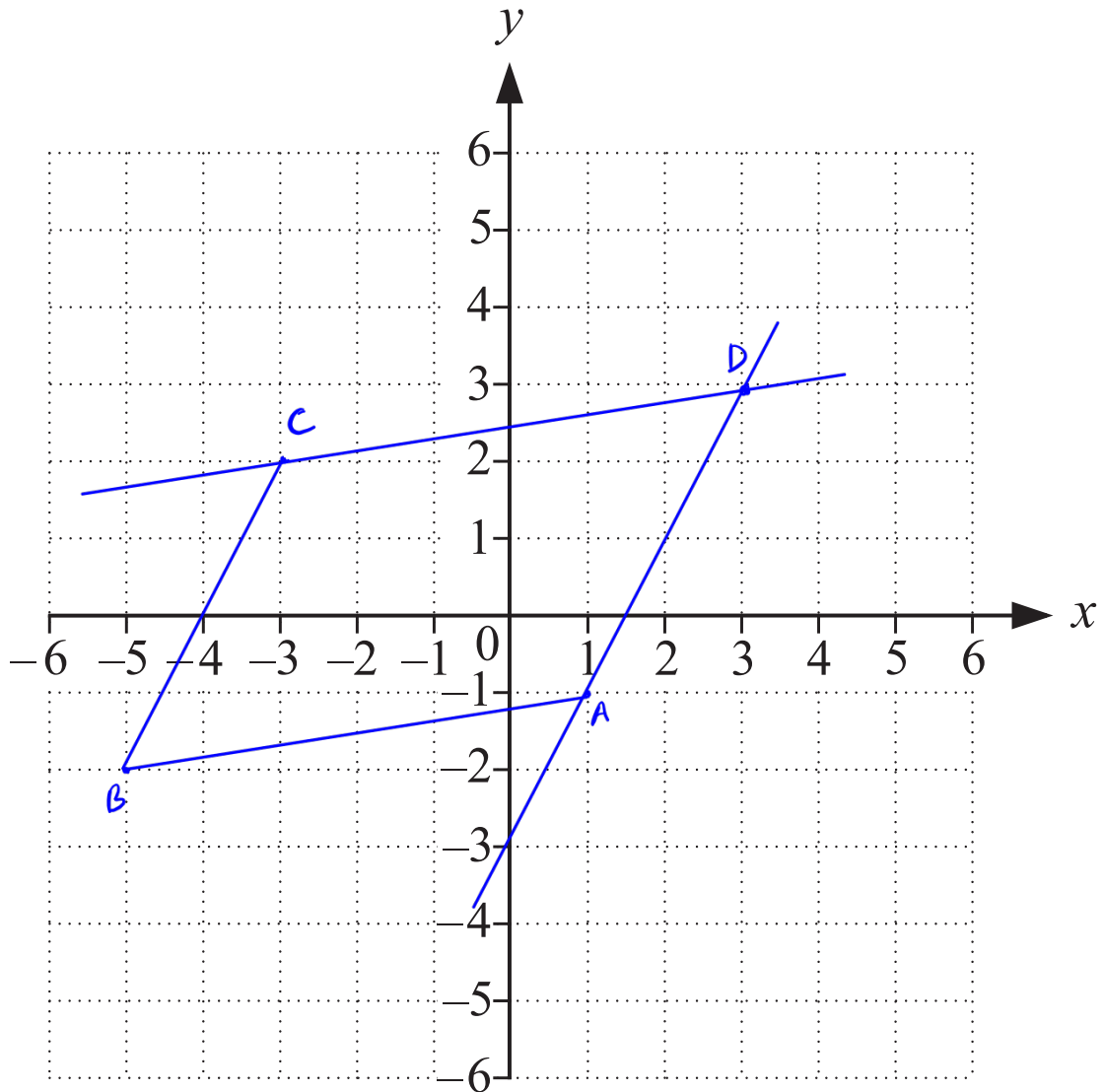
- (b) Eva buys a book for \$5
She sells it for \$6.50

Work out the percentage profit.

$$\frac{6.5 - 5}{5} \times 100\% = 30\%$$

.....30.....% [2]

4 Here is a grid.



- (a) $A = (1, -1)$, $B = (-5, -2)$ and $C = (-3, 2)$

Plot points A , B and C on the grid.

[1]

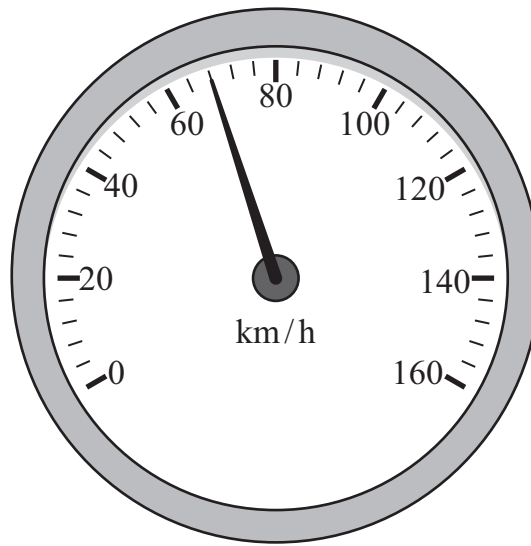
- (b) $ABCD$ is a parallelogram.

Find the coordinates of point D .

$$D = (\underline{\quad 3 \quad}, \underline{\quad 3 \quad}) \quad [1]$$

- 5 Write down the speed shown on the diagram.

R



..... 68 km/h [1]

- 6 A road is 450 metres long.

R

- (a) It takes a woman 5 minutes to walk along the road.

300 seconds

Work out the average speed of the woman.

Give your answer in **metres per second**.

$$\frac{450}{300} = 1.5$$

..... 1.5 metres per second [2]

- (b) A bicycle travels along the road at an average speed of 5 metres per second.

Work out the time it takes the bicycle to travel along the road.

Give your answer in seconds.

$$\frac{450}{5} = 90$$

..... 90 seconds [1]

- 7 Mike buys 8 cakes for \$11.60

K

Calculate the cost of 5 cakes.

$$1 \text{ cake} : \frac{11.6}{8}$$

$$5 \text{ cakes} : 5 \times \frac{11.6}{8} = 7.25$$

\$ 7.25 [2]

- 8 Complete these sentences.

K

A cube has 6 faces.

A cylinder has 0 vertices.

[1]

- 9 Angelique goes on a train journey from Aba to Ditta.

K

Here is a section of the train timetable.

Aba	09:42	10:28	11:05	11:42'
Burra	09:50	—	11:13	—
Cadez	10:16	—	11:39	—
Ditta	10:37	11:07	12:00	12:21

The afternoon journeys have the same duration as the morning journeys.

Angelique catches the 12:53 train from Aba.

The train does not stop at Burra or Cadez.

Work out the time Angelique arrives in Ditta.

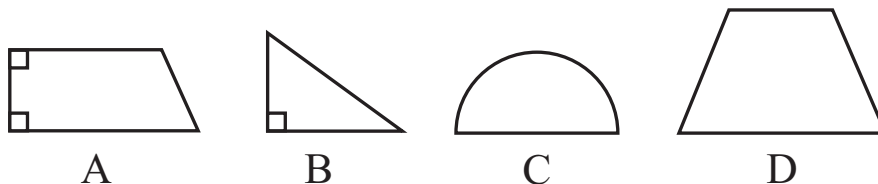
$$11:42 \xrightarrow{18'} 12:00 \xrightarrow{21'} 12:21 \quad \text{Total: } 39'$$

$$12:53 + 39' = 13:32$$

13:32 [2]

10 Write the letter of each shape in the correct position in the table.

\mathcal{R}



One has been done for you.

	Has at least one right angle	Has no right angles
Has parallel sides	A	D
Has no parallel sides	B	C

[1]

11 Find $\sqrt[3]{32}$

\mathcal{R}

..... 3.2 [1]

12 Simplify.

\mathcal{R}

$$(a) \frac{7}{x} - \frac{3}{x} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{7 - 3 + 1}{x} = \frac{5}{x}$$

..... $\frac{5}{x}$ [1]

$$(b) \frac{y}{x} + \frac{m}{2x} = \frac{2y}{2x} + \frac{m}{2x} = \frac{2y + m}{2x}$$

..... $\frac{2y + m}{2x}$ [2]

13 Here are the spelling test results for the 25 students in Class A.

7

Score	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Frequency	6	4	3	4	3	3	2
<i>cu. fre</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>17</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>23</i>	<i>25</i>

(a) Complete the table for Class A.

Class A	
Mean	6.44
Mode	<i>4</i>
<i>13th</i> Median	<i>6</i>
Range	6

[2]

(b) Here is some information about Class B for the same test.

Class B	
Mean	4.04
Mode	6
Median	4
Range	5

Draw a ring around the **two best** measures for comparing which class did better.

Mean Mode Median Range

[1]

(c) Tick (✓) the class that has the better results overall.

Class A ☒ Class B ☐

Explain your answer.

Class A has higher mean than class B

.....

.....

..... [1]

14 One solution of the equation

R

$$x^2 + 4x = 63$$

lies between 6 and 7

Use the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 1 decimal place.
Show all your working in the table.
You may not need to use all the rows.

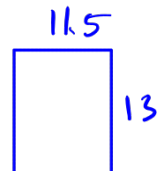
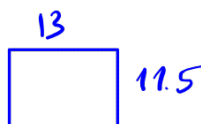
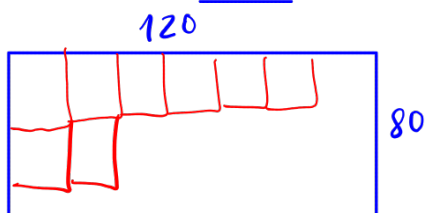
x	$x^2 + 4x$	Too big or too small ?
6	60	Too small
7	77	Too big
6.5	68.3	Too big
6.3	64.89	Big
6.2	63.24	✓

$$x = \underline{\underline{6.2}} \quad [3]$$

15 Yuri has a large rectangular card measuring 1.2m by 0.8m.

R He wants to cut it up to make small rectangular cards each measuring 13 cm by 11.5 cm.

Work out the largest number of cards that he can make.



$$\text{Way 1 : } 9 \times 6 = 54$$

$$\text{Way 2 : } 10 \times 6 = 60$$

$$\underline{\underline{60}} \quad [3]$$

16 These are the ratios of iron to other materials in metal A and metal B.



iron : other materials

Metal A $2 : 27 = 0.074$

Metal B $5 : 56 = 0.089$

Tick (✓) the metal that contains the greater proportion of iron.

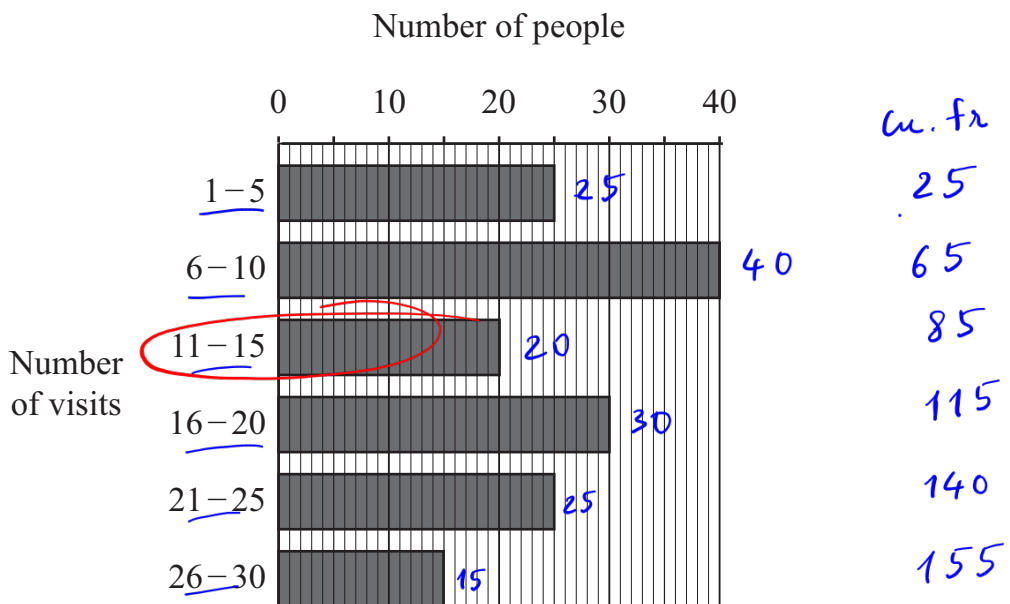
Metal A ☐

Metal B ☒

You must show your working.

[2]

17 This frequency diagram shows the number of visits to the gym by 155 people in September.



Work out how many people went to the gym more than 20 times.

$$25 + 15 = 40$$

.....40.....

Work out the class interval that contains the median number of visits.

position of median: 78th

.....11-15.....[2]

18 Write decimal numbers in the spaces to make a true statement.

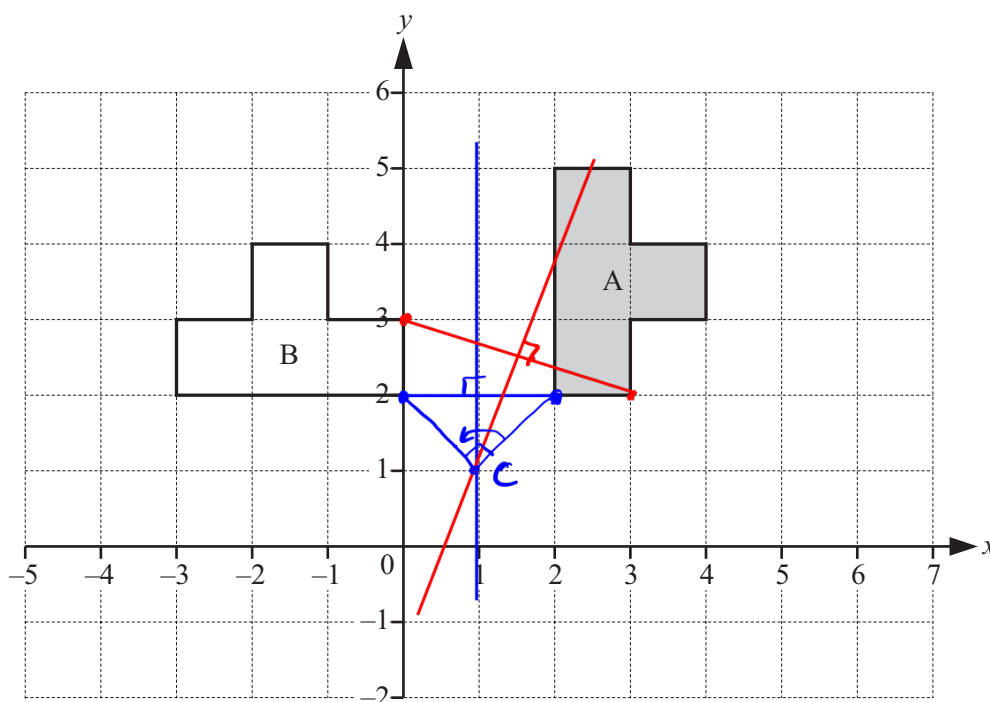
\mathcal{K}

$$0.009 < \underline{0.0096} < 0.01 < \underline{0.0109} < 0.011$$

[2]

19 The diagram shows shape A and shape B drawn on a grid.

\mathcal{K}



Describe fully the **single** transformation that transforms shape A to shape B.

Rotation, 90° anticlockwise about (1,1)

..... [3]

20 Two points A and B have coordinates $(-1,4)$ and $(3,6)$.

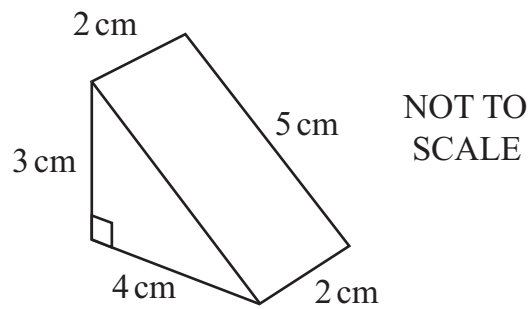
\mathcal{K}

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of AB.

$$\left(\frac{-1+3}{2}, \frac{4+6}{2} \right)$$

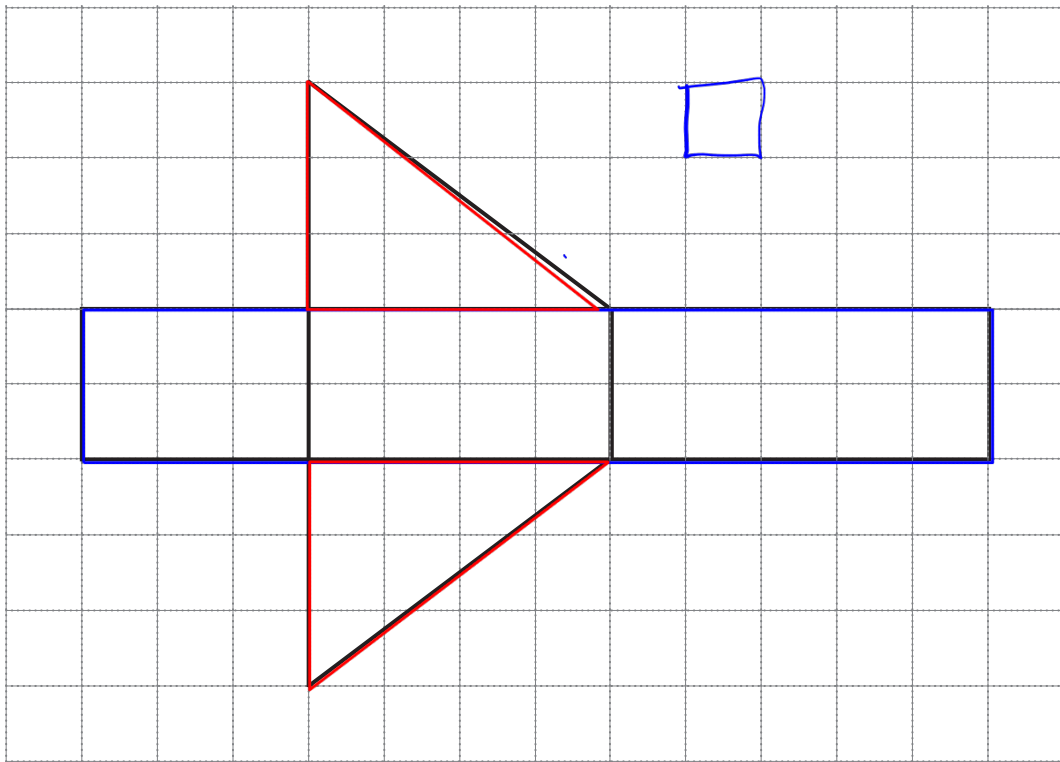
(1 , 5) [1]

21 This is a triangular prism.



This is a net of the prism.

It is drawn on centimetre square paper.



Work out the surface area of the prism.

$$\text{Area } \square = 2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Area } \triangle = 2 \times \left(\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 4 \right) = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$24 + 12 = 36$$

$$\dots\dots\dots 36 \text{ cm}^2 \quad [1]$$

22 Here is a multiplication with a mixed number missing.

R

$$\frac{5}{8} \times \boxed{1\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{3}{4}$$

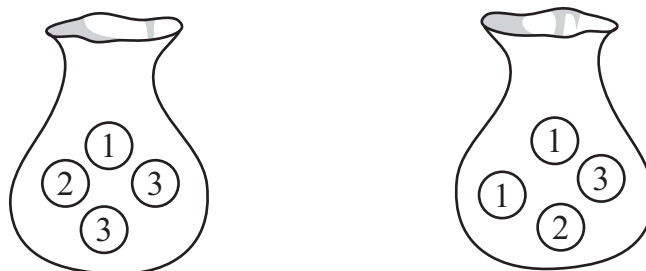
Work out the missing mixed number.

$$\frac{3}{4} : \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

[1]

23 Lily has two bags.

R Each bag contains four counters, as shown in the diagram.



She picks **one** counter from each bag and adds together the numbers on the counters.

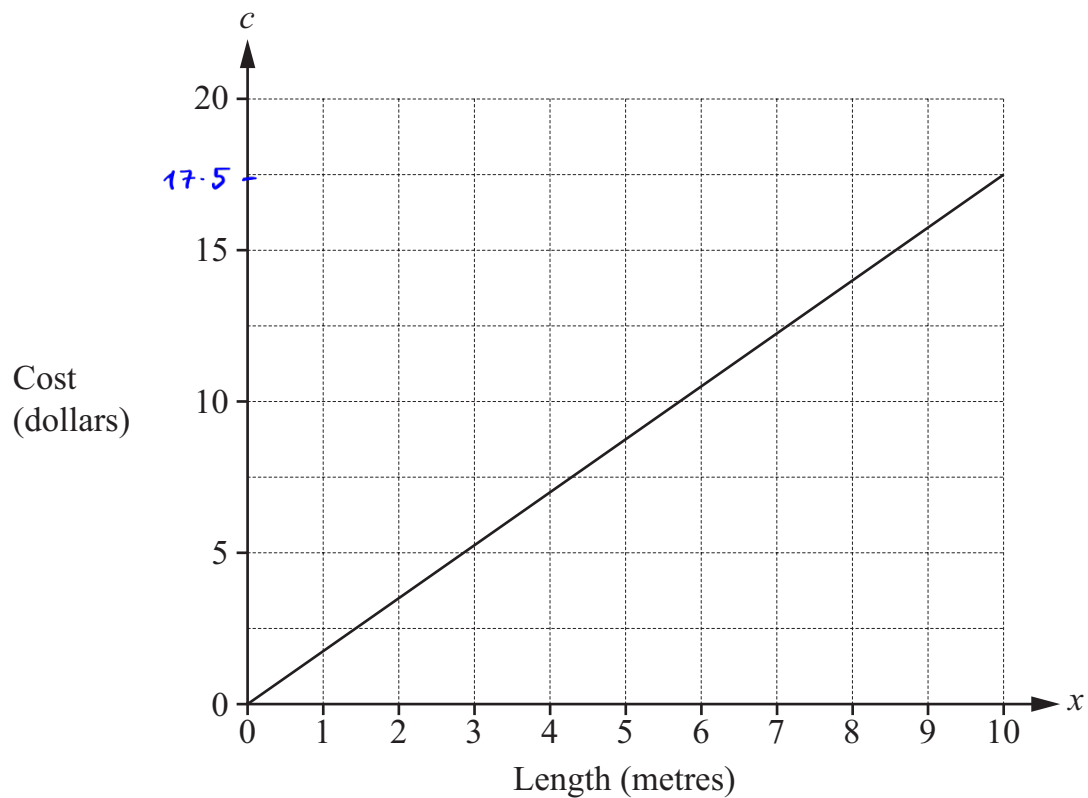
Work out the probability that the total of her numbers is **more** than 3.
You may find the table useful.

	1	2	3	3
1	2	3	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
1	2	3	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>
2	3	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>
3	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>

$$\frac{11}{16} \quad [2]$$

24 The graph shows that the cost of electrical wire is proportional to the length of the wire.

7



(a) Use the graph to find a formula for the cost, c dollars, of a length of wire, x metres.

$$c = mx$$

$$m = \frac{17.5}{10} = 1.75$$

$$c = 1.75x \quad [2]$$

(b) Calculate the cost of 23.4 m of wire.

$$c = 1.75 \times 23.4 = 40.95$$

$$\$ 40.95 \quad [1]$$

25 Cube A has a volume of 125 cm^3 .

7 Cube B has a side length of 125 cm .

Cube C has a surface area of 125 cm^2 .

$$6 \times a^2$$

Write cubes A, B and C in order of size starting with the smallest.

side length of cube A is: $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5 \text{ cm}$

B is: 125 cm

C is: $\sqrt{\frac{125}{6}} = 4.6 \text{ cm}$

$\overset{C}{\dots\dots\dots}$
 $\overset{A}{\dots\dots\dots}$
 $\overset{B}{\dots\dots\dots}$ [2]
 smallest largest